



Dear Employees:

We are excited to tell you about a great benefit your company is offering to its employees. It's called a **Section 125 Cafeteria Plan or Flexible Benefits Plan. By using the Flexible Spending Account (FSA) available through the plan, you can save a great deal of money. The savings are achieved by not paying taxes on the** amount you put into your account for health care and dependent care expenses.

Your Flexible Benefits Plan includes three components:

Health Care Spending Account – pre-tax dollars set aside to cover out-of-pocket medical expenses not covered by your plan.

Dependent Care Spending Account – pre-tax dollars that can be used to pay for day care for tax dependents.

Participation is easy. Just review the enrollment materials provided for all the rules, calculate your expenses to determine your annual election, fill out the enrollment form and start saving. If you have questions about your plan, please contact your HR representative.





Over-the-Counter (OTC) Medicines, purchased on or after January 1, 2020, were reinstated with the passage of the CARES Act (COVID-3 Stimulus Bill) for HSAs, FSAs and Archer MSAs (unless your plan excludes OTC items). OTC items can be purchased with funds from eligible accounts without needing a prescription. Additionally, the bill expanded OTC items to include menstrual care products.

Eligible Over-the-Counter Items

Note: Product categories are listed in bold face; common examples of products are listed in regular face.

The following is a high-level list of over-the-counter (OTC) items that are not medicine or drugs and are eligible for purchase with Health Care FSA dollars. You can use your benefits card for these items

Antiseptics, wound cleaners

Alcohol, peroxide, Epsom salt

Baby electrolytes

Pedialyte, Enfalyte

Denture adhesives, repair and cleansers

PoliGrip, Benzodent, Efferdent

Diabetes testing and aids

Insulin, Ascencia, One Touch, Diabetic Tussin, insulin syringes, glucose products

Sunscreen (SPF 15 and over)

Diagnostic products

Thermometers, blood pressure monitors, cholesterol testing

Elastics/athletic treatments

ACE, Futuro, elastic bandages, braces, hot/cold therapy, orthopedic supports, rib belts

Eye care

Contact lens care

Family planning

Pregnancy and ovulation kits

First aid dressings and supplies

Band Aid, 3M Nexcare, non-sport tapes

Hearing aid/medical batteries

Incontinence products

Attends, Depend, GoodNites for juvenile incontinence

Ineligible Expenses

Note: This list is not meant to be all-inclusive

The IRS does not allow the following expenses to be reimbursed the FSA, as they are not prescribed by a physician for a specific ailment.

Contact lens or eyeglass insurance

Electrolysis

Swimming lessons

Cosmetic surgery/procedures

Marriage or career counseling

Sunscreen (SPF less than 15 needs RX)



Frequently Asked Questions

General Information

Why should I participate in the Flexible Benefits Plan?

There are some great advantages to using a Flexible Benefits Plan!

- Reduced taxes - the money contributed to an FSA is not subject to taxes (federal income and FICA taxes and most state and local income taxes).
- Increase your take-home pay - less taxes, more money in your pocket.
- The Benefits Card - pay for expenses at point of purchase.

A Flexible Benefits Plan applies to out-of-pocket expenses you cover with your spendable income, but allows you to pay for these expenses with income before you are taxed.

Another advantage to participating in the Plan is the opportunity it offers for you to budget for health care expenses by withholding a small amount from each paycheck. With proper planning, you won't be faced with having to come up with large amounts of money at one time. This is especially advantageous if you are scheduling surgery, anticipating maternity expenses or if you do not have other coverage for dental and vision expenses. Even those with coverage for medical, dental and vision usually have deductibles, co-pays and other out-of-pocket expenses to cover.

Where do I call with questions about my Flexible Benefits Plan?

If you have questions about putting a Flexible Benefits Plan to work for you, how to sign up or how to determine your election amounts, etc., please call a Customer Service Representative at 866-370-3040.

Enrollment

How do I enroll?

To enroll in either or both the Health and Dependent Care FSA, you simply need to fill out the Enrollment Form before the beginning of each Plan Year.

Do I have to keep the same election each year?

No. Each year, you will have to re-enroll before the beginning of the Plan Year. At that time, you will have the opportunity to evaluate the need to participate in the Plan as well as budget for all health care and/or dependent care expenses. You may decide to keep the same election, change your election or in some cases waive participation.

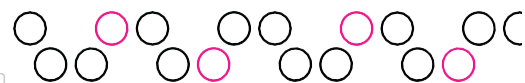
Do I have to elect both the Health and Dependent Care FSAs?

No. You may choose to participate in one or both depending on your individual needs.

Health FSAs

What is a Health Flexible Spending Account (FSA)?

You may set aside pre-tax dollars to cover eligible medical expenses that are not covered by any other type of insurance. The account helps you budget for planned expenses such as deductibles, co-payments, and prescriptions. You may refer to the FSA Worksheet for a list of some eligible and ineligible expenses.



Are insurance premiums eligible expenses?

No, insurance premiums are not reimbursable from a Health FSA. However, you may pay your required premium contributions (for coverage under the employer's health plan) on a pre-tax basis outside of the Health FSA.

What are some examples of OTC drugs that are eligible for reimbursement from my Health FSA?

Antiseptics, diabetes testing aids, bandages and contact lens care. For a more inclusive list, please see the OTC expenses list available at www.isolvedbenefitservices.com.

If I terminate employment or retire, can I receive the remaining balance in my Health FSA?

No. However, you can continue to submit claims incurred prior to your termination date before the end of the run-out period (defined in your Summary Plan Description).

Example: Your plan has a 90-day run-out period following termination. Your termination date is September 13. Your physician sees you on September 12, but you do not receive the Explanation of Benefits from your insurance carrier until October 31. You can still submit this expense as it was incurred prior to your termination date, and prior to the end of the 90-day run-out period following your date of termination. Any expense incurred after September 13 is not eligible.

If I terminate employment or retire, can I be reimbursed for expenses incurred after my termination date?

No. In order to be considered an eligible expense, the expense must be incurred prior to your termination date. However, you may be able to continue your Health FSA coverage under COBRA.

Dependent Care FSAs

What is a Dependent Care FSA?

You can use pre-tax dollars to cover eligible work-related dependent care expenses for qualified dependents, or if you are married, while you and your spouse work or your spouse attends school full-time.

Who is a qualified dependent under the Dependent Care FSA?

- Dependent under the age of 13
- Dependent or spouse of employee who is mentally or physically disabled and whom the employee claims as a dependent on his or her federal income tax return.

Can an adult be a qualified dependent?

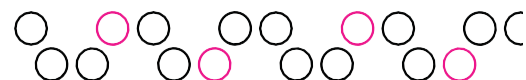
Yes, an adult may qualify as a dependent provided that the employee is providing more than half of that individual's support for the year and the dependent lives with the employee.

Do I have to use a day care facility?

No. You can be reimbursed for the expenses of an individual providing care for your dependent in your home as long as the expenses are incurred for you and your spouse (if married), to work, look for work or attend school full-time.

Does my day care provider have to be licensed?

No. However, you are required to submit their Tax Identification Number or Social Security Number when filing your federal income tax return.



Does my day care provider have to be 18?

No, but the individual must claim the money as income on their tax return.

My child attends camp during the summer. Is this eligible?

Generally, no; however, if the camp is day camp and your dependent attends to allow you and your spouse (if married), to work, look for work or attend school full-time, then yes this would be an eligible expense. Overnight camps are specifically excluded.

When can I be reimbursed for dependent care expenses?

Expenses are eligible for reimbursement when they have been incurred, not when you are billed or when you pay for the services.

Example: Your day care provider requires you to pay for the month of September on September 1. You can be reimbursed as the services are incurred, not when you paid for the services. You can submit claims after each week, every two weeks or on October 1.

Changing Your Election

What if I discover that I elected too much for the Health and/or Dependent Care FSA, can I change my election?

Generally, your election is irrevocable unless you experience an IRS Change in Status. Your election change must be consistent with the Change in Status event:

- Change in legal marital status (marriage, death of spouse, divorce, legal separation, annulment)
- Change in number of tax dependents (birth, death of dependent, adoption or placement for adoption)
- Change in dependent's eligibility.
- Change in employment status of employee, spouse or dependents.
- Other changes that may permit an election change under the Dependent Care FSA are:
 - o Change of dependent care provider.
 - o Change of rate charged by unrelated dependent care provider.
 - o Child attaining age 13.

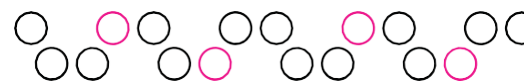
Election changes must be consistent with the event. If you experience a Change in Status, please review your Summary Plan Description, as it will provide you with important information on the deadline for reporting this event.

If I elected too much in my Health FSA but not enough in my Dependent Care FSA, can I move money from one account to the other?

No, Health and Dependent Care FSA elections are separate. You cannot move contributions from one account to another. Also, it is very important to note that the elections you make are for the entire year. Your elections cannot be changed unless you experience an IRS Change in Status as noted above.

What happens if I don't use all the money elected in my FSA?

The IRS has issued guidance that allows a Health FSA to carry over a set amount, defined by the IRS, to the next plan year by plan design based on the plan sponsor's decision. A Health FSA cannot have both a carryover and a grace period of up to two months and 15 days. You also have a run-out period following the end of the plan year to submit expenses that were incurred during the plan year. It is important to estimate your expenses carefully before making your elections.





isolved Benefit Services will assist you in monitoring your Flexible Spending Accounts by providing you with a statement at the beginning of the fourth quarter of your plan year. You can minimize possible forfeitures by scheduling routine exams, purchasing glasses or contact lenses and scheduling dental appointments, etc., at the end of the plan year to use up your election amounts.

For any plan limit information, review the Contributions Limits available within the Resource Center.

Submitting Claims for Reimbursement

How do I submit a claim for the Health or Dependent Care FSA?

You can file your claim online or via a mobile app and upload your receipts.

You can complete an FSA Request for Reimbursement Form for each Health or Dependent Care FSA claim you file. Remember to attach supporting documentation for the claim. This information can be faxed to 800-379-5670.

You may also submit your claim by mail: isolved Benefit Services, Inc., PO Box 488, Coldwater, MI 49036

May I submit expenses for my spouse and children for reimbursement through my Health FSA?

Yes, you may be reimbursed for expenses incurred for you, your spouse and any IRS dependents, regardless of where you are insured. It could be that you are not covered through your employer's health plan, but have coverage through your spouse's employer's plan. You may still submit your family out-of-pocket expenses to be reimbursed under the Health FSA.

What supporting documentation must I file with each Health FSA claim?

Each time you submit claims to your health insurance carrier, you will receive an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) detailing what the health plan will pay and what you must pay. For expenses that are partially covered under another insurance plan, you must attach a copy of both EOBs.

For expenses that are not submitted to another insurance plan, you must attach a copy of an itemized billing containing the following information:

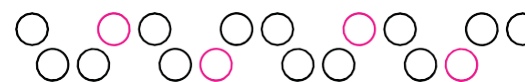
- Name of patient
- Name and address of provider
- Description of service
- Date of service
- Amount of service

The documentation requirements are also listed on the FSA Request for Reimbursement Form to assist you in properly filing your claim. Following these guidelines will ensure you receive your reimbursement without unnecessary delays.

What supporting documentation must I file with each Dependent Care claim?

Complete the Dependent Care section of the Request for Reimbursement Form and have your day care provider sign and date. The receipt must include the following information:

- Name and address of provider
- From/through dates of service
- Amount of charge



How long after the end of the Plan year do I have to submit claims?

Claims must be submitted prior to the end of the run-out period for the Plan. The run-out period is defined in your Summary Plan Description.

Will I receive reimbursement for claims that are greater than the current balance of my Health FSA?

Yes, the annual amount is available to you from the beginning of the Plan year.

Will I receive reimbursement that is greater than the current balance of my Dependent Care FSA?

No, you will only receive reimbursement for the amount that has been contributed at the time you submit your claim.

Can I submit claims for dependent care expenses that are greater than the current balance of my Dependent Care FSA?

Yes, however, you will only receive reimbursement for the amount that you have contributed to your Dependent Care FSA. For example, if you contribute \$150 each month to your Dependent Care FSA, then you will only receive \$150 in reimbursement each month. The excess amount of expenses will be pended and automatically paid to you as contributions are posted to your account.

What happens if a claim exceeds the amount currently available in my Dependent Care FSA?

The claim will be processed and approved. The amount that is currently available will be disbursed and the remaining portion will be pended until you make another contribution.

How do I know that you received my claim and whether or not it was paid?

Generally, within two business days of submitting a claim, you can view your account to check on the status of the claim at www.isolvedbenefitservices.com. Simply choose Flexible Spending Account /Health Reimbursement under employee/participant and follow the on-screen instructions.

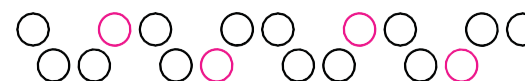
When can I expect to receive my reimbursement?

Claims are generally processed within two business days of receipt. Reimbursements are then processed and released according to the disbursement schedule and funding option of the employer. Generally, disbursement schedules are daily. This means that reimbursements are processed each day and include any claims that were processed the previous day. The release of your reimbursement depends upon the funding option chosen by the employer.

How do I know what my account balance is?

You can use one of the following methods to check your account balance:

- You can view your account at www.isolvedbenefitservices.com. Simply choose Flexible Spending Account/Health Reimbursement under Employee/Participants and follow the on-screen instructions.
- You can view your balance on the mobile app.
- Your account balance will be displayed on the reimbursement check or direct deposit notification each time you submit a claim.
- You will receive a Balance Statement quarterly during the Plan year. This statement provides a summary of your remaining balance in the Health FSA and/or the Dependent Care FSA as well as claims paid to date.





How do I know why my claim was denied?

You will receive a letter indicating the reason for the denial along with instructions for submitting the requested documentation.

Why may the amount of my reimbursement differ from the amount of my request?

There are reasons that you may see a different reimbursement amount. For example:

1. If the request was for more than the balance of your account.

Annual election	\$1,000.00
Total amount disbursed to date	\$700.00
Available balance	\$300.00
Total amount of request	\$500.00

2. If the request was for a dependent care claim, you may only be reimbursed for the total amount that you have contributed.

Annual election	\$5,000.00
Total amount contributed	\$3,000.00
Total amount of request	\$4,250.00

You will only be reimbursed \$3,000.00, as this is the amount that you have contributed to the account. The entire request of \$4,250.00, will be processed and the remaining \$1,250.00 will be disbursed as contributions are made.

Dependent Care FSA FAQ

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Dependent Care FSA FAQ (continued)

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